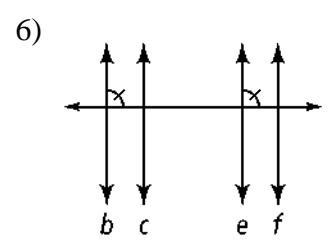
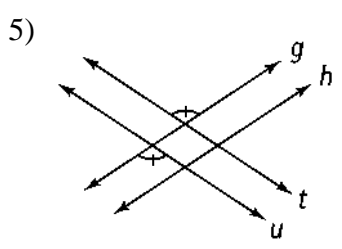
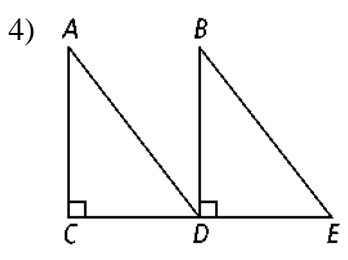
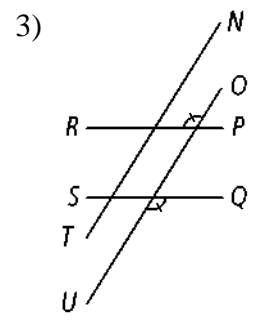
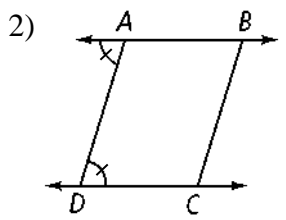
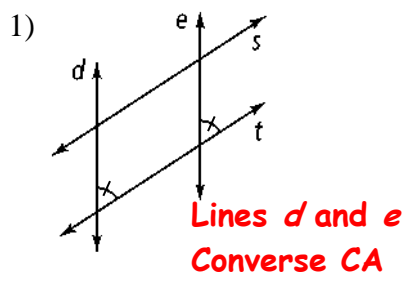
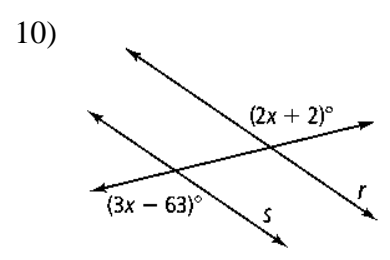
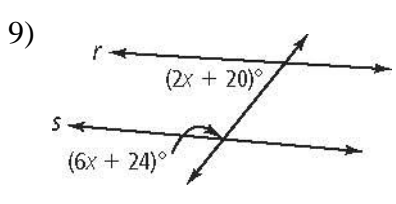
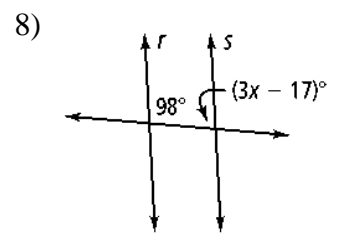
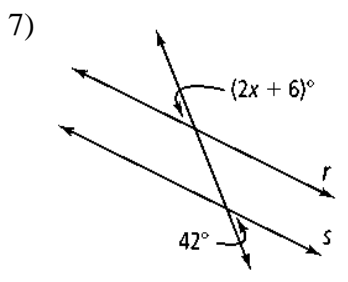


3.3 – Proving Lines Parallel

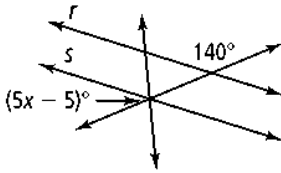
Which lines or segments are parallel? Justify your answer.



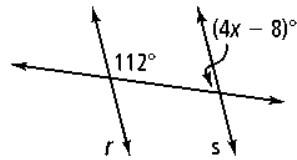
Determine the value of x for which $r \parallel s$. Then find the measure of each labeled angle.



11)



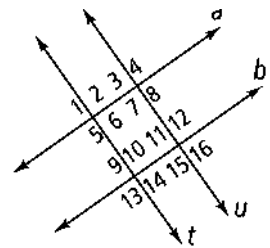
12)



Use the given information to determine which lines, if any, are parallel. Justify each conclusion with a theorem or postulate.

13) $\angle 11$ is supplementary to $\angle 10$.

14) $\angle 6 \cong \angle 9$



15) $\angle 13$ is supplementary to $\angle 14$.

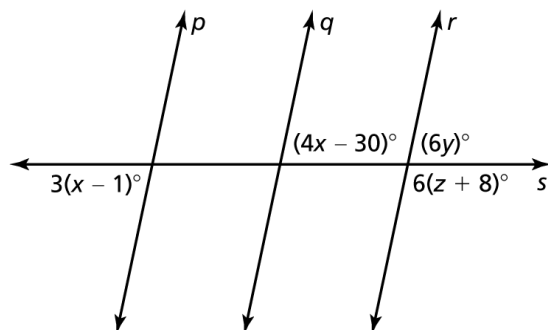
16) $\angle 13 \cong \angle 15$

17) $\angle 12$ is supplementary to $\angle 3$.

18) $\angle 2 \cong \angle 13$

Use the diagram to answer the following.

19) Find the values of x , y , and z That makes $p \parallel q$ and $q \parallel r$. Explain your reasoning.

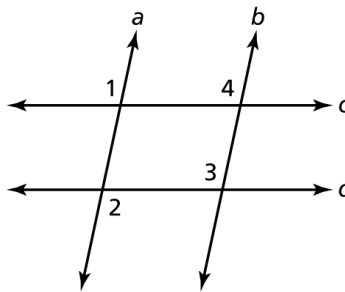


20) Is $p \parallel r$? Explain your reasoning.

21) Write a two-column proof.

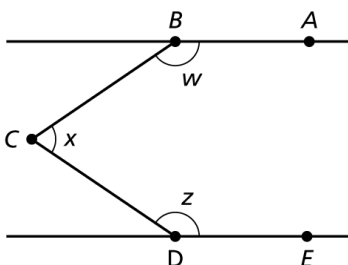
Given: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$ and $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$

Prove: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 4$



Statement	Reasons
1. _____	_____
2. $c \parallel d$	_____
3. _____	_____
4. _____	_____
5. _____	_____

22) \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{DE} , $m\angle w = 135^\circ$, and $m\angle z = 147^\circ$. Find $m\angle BCD$.



23) Point R is not in plane ABC .

- How many lines through R are perpendicular to plane ABC ?
- How many lines through R are parallel to plane ABC ?
- How many planes through R are parallel to plane ABC ?

24) In the diagram to the right, $e \parallel d$, $g \parallel f$, and $a \parallel b \parallel c$. Find the following.

- $m\angle 1 =$ _____
- $m\angle 2 =$ _____
- $m\angle 3 =$ _____
- $m\angle 4 =$ _____
- $m\angle 5 =$ _____

